



SHADOZ (Southern Hemisphere Additional Ozonesondes) Network Report: Updates and Station Activities (68-170407B)

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- SHADOZ is a NASA project in collaboration with NOAA/GMD and international partners to collect profiles from ozonesondes in tropical environments. Data are available at <http://tropo.gsfc.nasa.gov/shadoz>. SHADOZ is affiliated with NDACC (Network for Detection of Atmospheric Composition Change; ndacc.org). SHADOZ data reside at NASA's Aura Validation Data Center & WMO's WOUDC (World Ozone and UV Data Centre). **SHADOZ DATA RECORD SPANS 1998-PRESENT.**
- SHADOZ is a backbone of satellite and model validation and have been used in selected trends studies. Using SHADOZ data?? Don't forget to credit JGR papers below. This is a NASA data protocol! See below. **

SHADOZ WHERE, WHO & SITE DATA RECORD



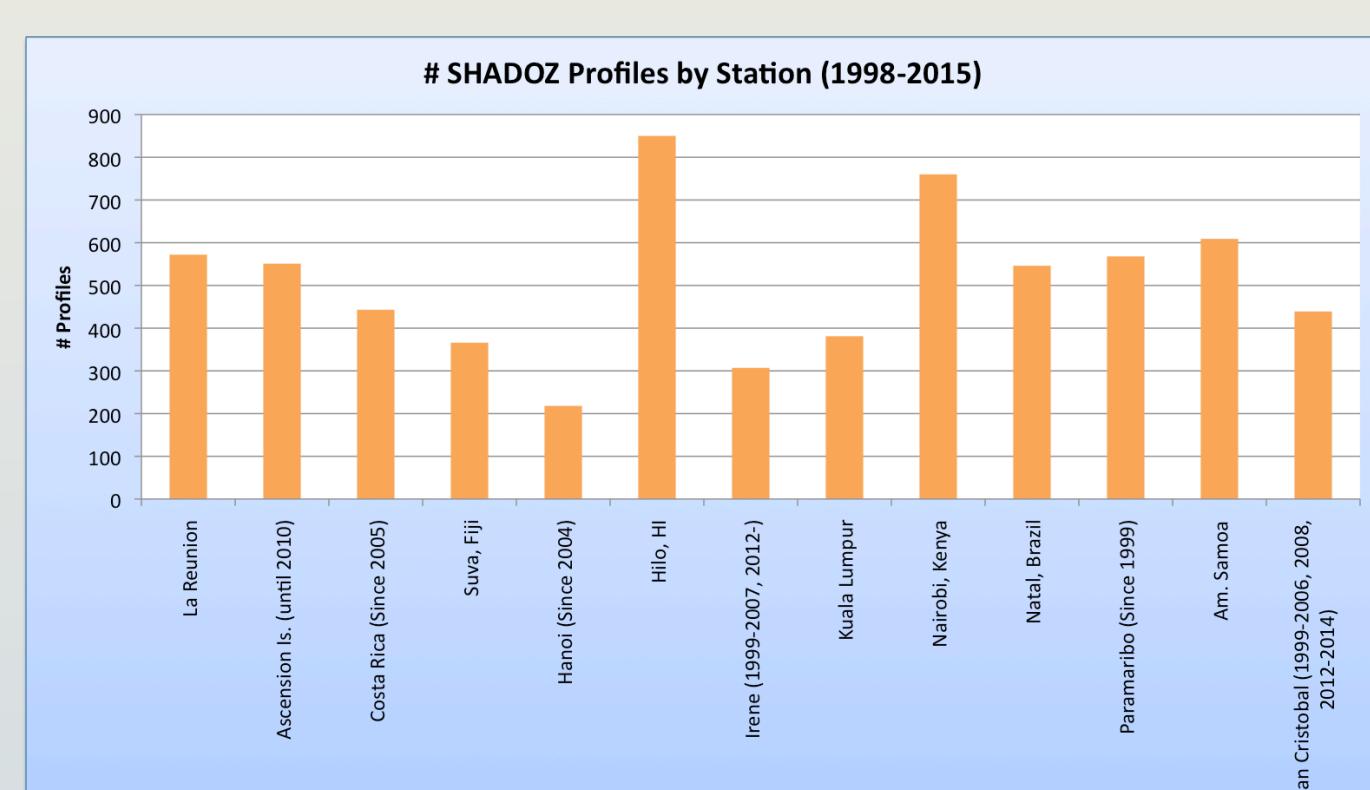
<http://tropo.gsfc.nasa.gov/shadoz>

SHADOZ Site	Principal Investigator (PI), Station Chiefs and Operators
Ascension, U.K.	Anne Thompson (PI; anne.m.thompson@nasa.gov; NASA/GSFC), Andrew Avery, Bill Clark, Peter Crane, & Patrick Benjamin (US Air Force AFSPC E-Ros/Wolf Creek)
Costa Rica (multiple sites)	Henry Selkirk (PI; henry.b.selkirk@nasa.gov; NASA/USA), Holger Vömel (NCAR), Jorge Andres Diaz (CCR), Gary Morris (St Edwards U.)
Hanoi, Vietnam	Shin-Ya Ogino (PI; ogino-sy@jamstec.jp; JAMSTEC), Masato Shiotani (Kyoto U.), Hoang Gia Hiep (AMO)
Hilo, HI, USA	Bryan Johnson (PI; bryan.johnson@nasa.gov; NOAA/GMD), David Nardini & Darryl Kuniyuki (NOAA/MLO)
Irene, South Africa	Gert J. Coetzee (PI; gertjie.coetzee@weatherco.za; SAWS)
Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Maznorizan Mohamad (PI; maz@met.gov.my), Zamuna Zainal, Nur Aleesa Abdulliah, & A. Ismail (MMD)
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Natal, Brazil	Maria Paulete (PI; maria.paulete@inpe.br), Francisco R. da Silva & Tercio L. B. Penha (INPE)
Paramaribo, Surinam	Ankie Pijters (PI; ankie.pijters@knmi.nl) & Marc Allaart (KNMI), Sukarni Sallons (MDS)
Pago Pago, Am. Samoa	Bryan Johnson (PI; NOAA/GMD), LTIG Diane M. Perry (NOAA/ASO)
San Cristobal, Ecuador	J. Olmedo (INAMHI); B. Johnson (Data PI), Manuel Carvajal & Jimmy Paredes (INAMHI)
Suva, Fiji	Bryan Johnson (PI; NOAA/GMD), Matakitake Maata, Francis Manu, and Miriana Vuiyasa (USP)

Record Sonde Number in 2016

More than 450 profiles from 13 Sites! Total > 7000 profiles

SITE DATA DISTRIBUTION



MAJOR 2016-2017 ACTIVITIES

- Visits to INAMHI (Quito, for San Cristobal) and Suriname Meteorological Services in Paramaribo (Photos Below)
- Represented at 9th Ozone Research Managers Mtg
- Planned JOSIE-2017 Sonde Intercomparison, Germany, Oct-Nov 2017 (Test Sonde Types Below)



Paramaribo Launch

Primary SHADOZ Papers

Station	Solution(s)	* = Current	ECC
Ascension	1% Full Buffer, 0.5% Half Buffer*	SPC, ENSCI*	
Costa Rica (various)	0.5% Full Buffer, 1% 1/10 th loc	ENSCI	
Fiji (Suva)	1% Full Buffer, 2% Unbuffered, 1% 1/10 th Buffer*	ENSCI	
Hanoi	1% Full Buffer, 2% Unbuffered, 1% 1/10 th Buffer 0.5% Half Buffer*	SPC, ENSCI*	
Hilo	2% Unbuffered, 1% 1/10 th Buffer*	ENSCI	
Irene	1% Full Buffer	SPC	
Kuala Lumpur	1% Full Buffer, 0.5% Half Buffer*	SPC, ENSCI*	
Lauder	0.5% Half Buffer	ENSCI	
Nairobi	1% Full Buffer	ENSCI	
Paramaribo	1% Full Buffer	SPC	
Reunion	0.5% Half Buffer	SPC, ENSCI*	
Samoa (Pago Pago)	1% Full Buffer, 2% Unbuffered, 1% 1/10 th Buffer*	ENSCI	
San Cristobal	2% Unbuffered, 1% 1/10 th Buffer*	ENSCI	
Watukosek-Java	2% Unbuffered	ENSCI	

Major Re-processing of SHADOZ data has taken place, 2015-2017. Five stations were re-processed by NOAA/GMD (Sterling et al, GMAC-2017) and nine by NASA/GSFC (J. C. Witte et al, JGR, doi: 10.1002/2016JD026403, & GMAC-2017). Analyses with re-processed data below illustrate:

- Figs 1 & 2. Comparisons of Sonde, Satellite & Ground-Based total ozone (Samoa)
- Figs 3 & 4. Near uniformity of Ozone Column in Tropopause Transition Layer (TTL)
- Figs 5 & 6. Wave-one in Tropospheric Column Ozone and Zonal Wave-One

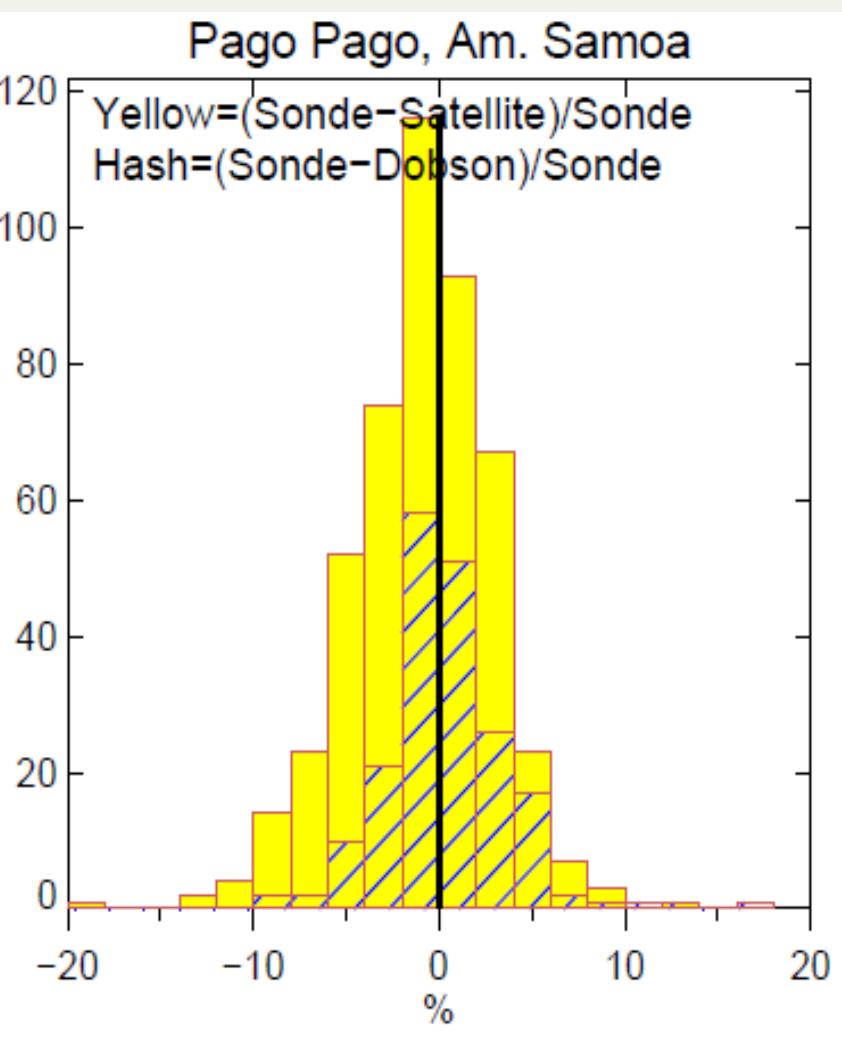
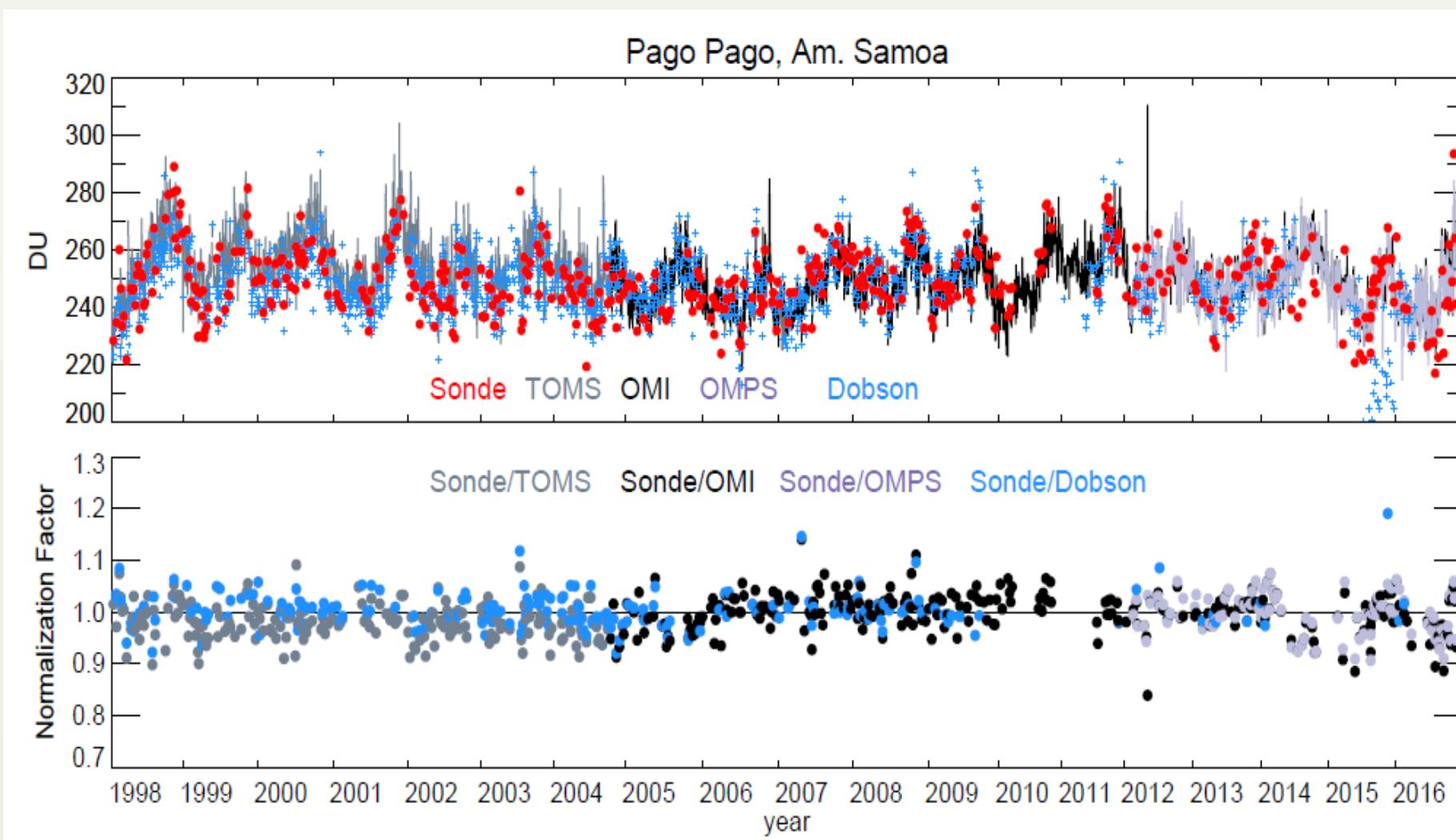
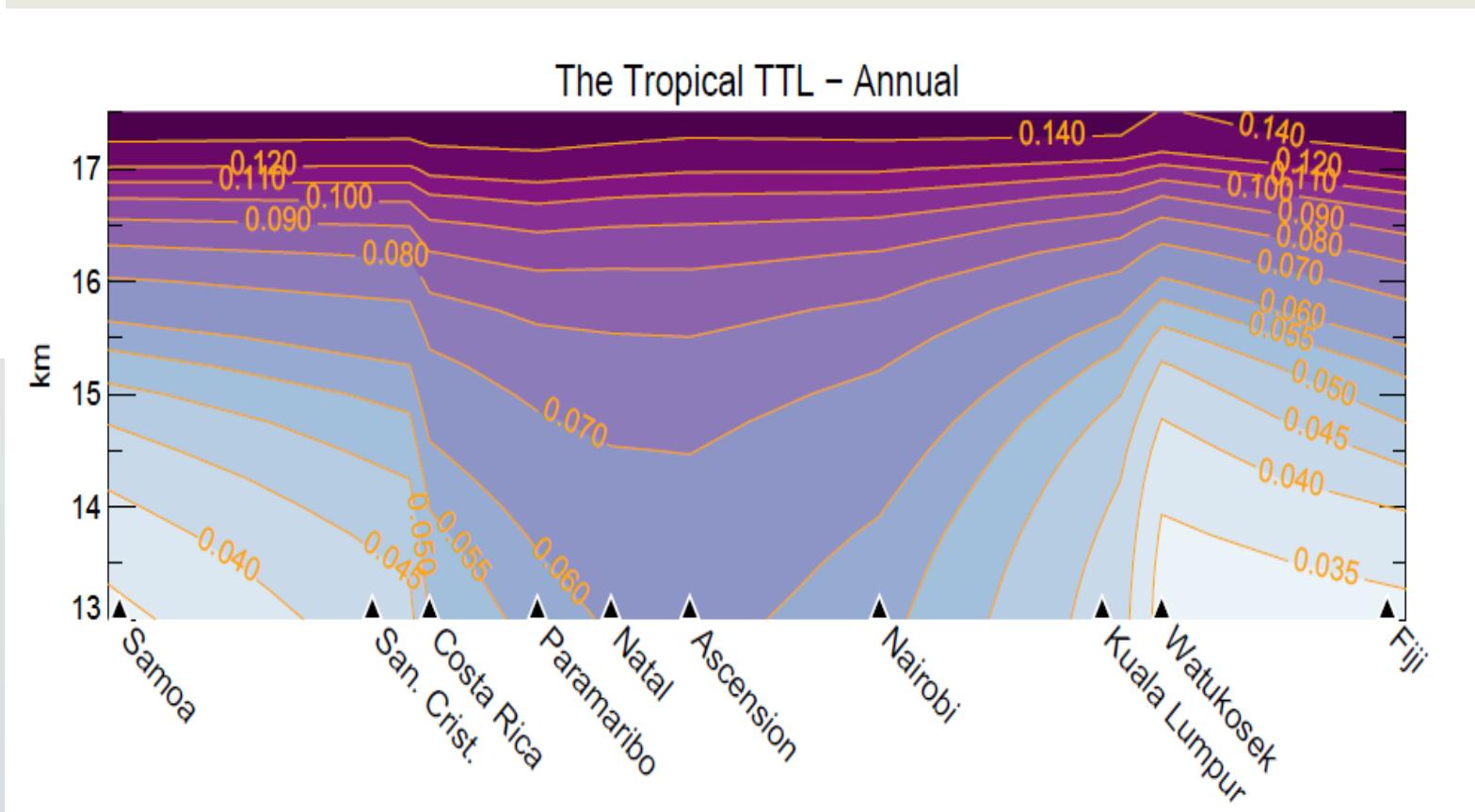
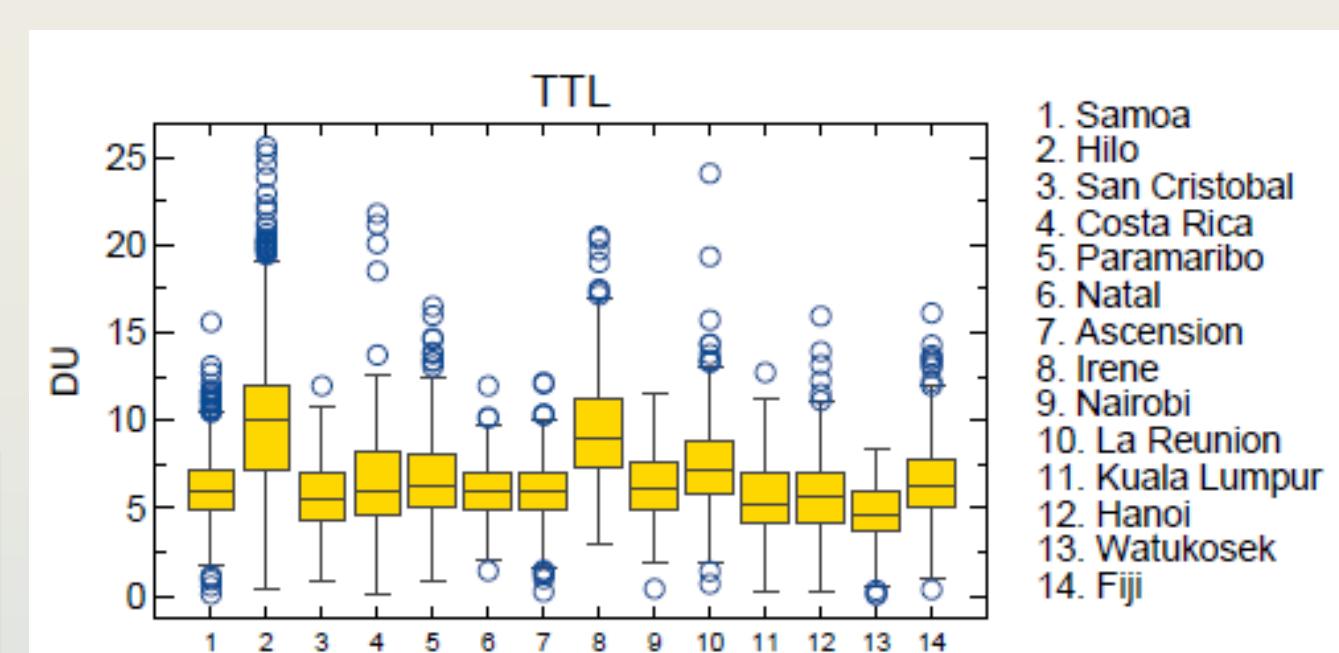
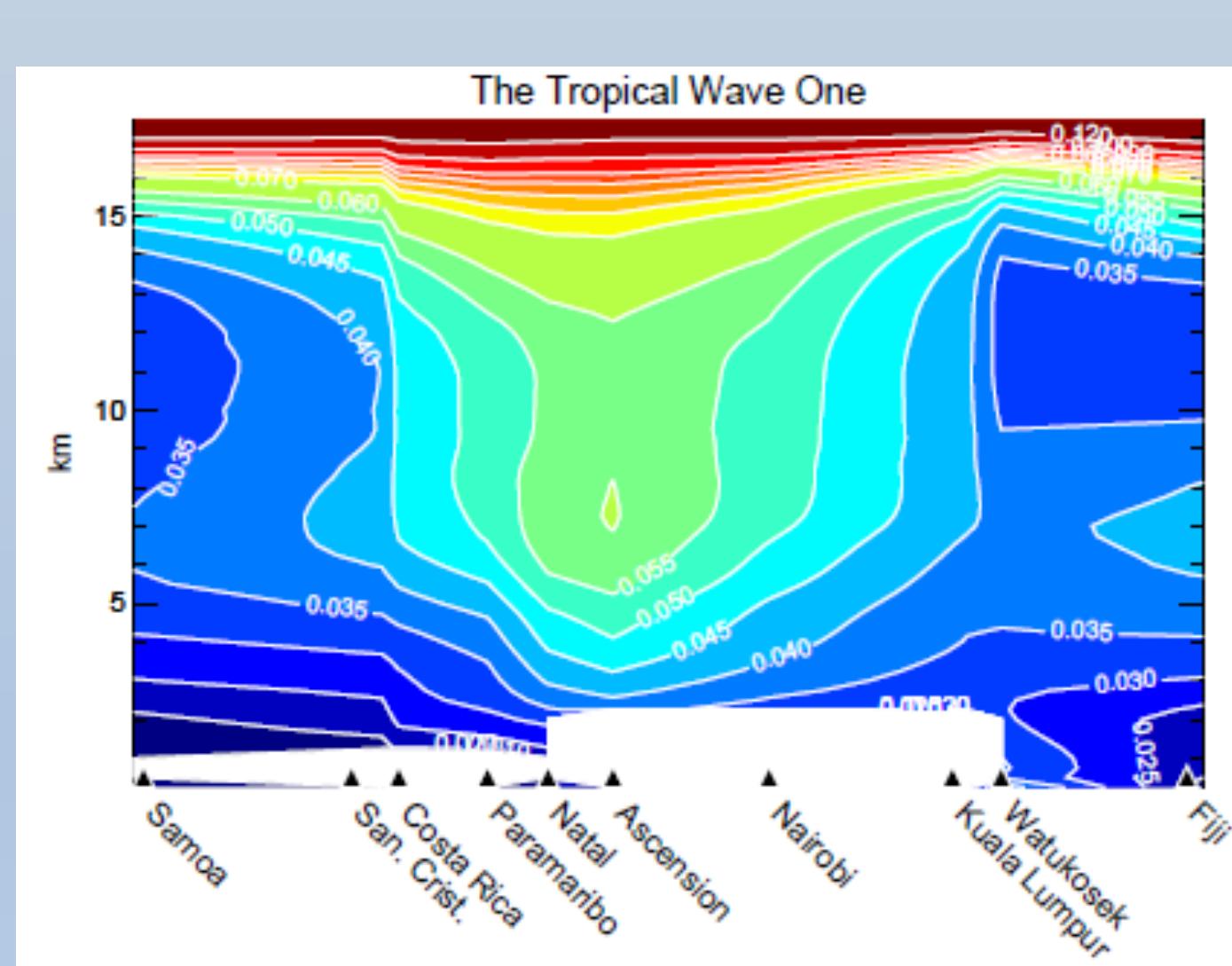
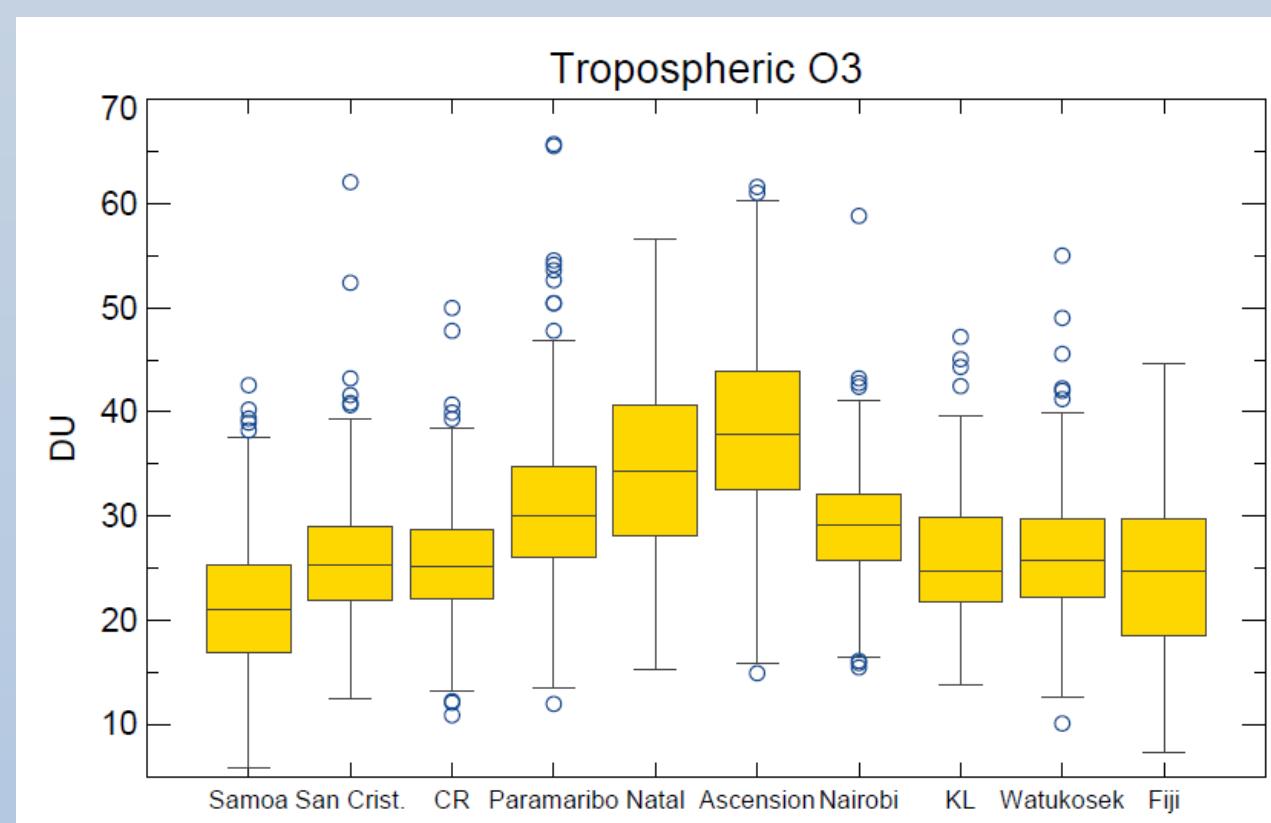


Figure 1. Samoa Total O₃ Comparisons. Figure 2. Summary Histograms of Total O₃ Differences.



Figures 3 & 4. Most SHADOZ stations display remarkably similar column ozone amount in tropopause transition region (TTL). Mean value in boxes, with 25-75 percentile range box edges, and whiskers denoting 1.5x interquartile range, Left. TTL ozone thickness is statistically uniform for stations within +/- 18 degrees latitude, but cross-section shows longitudinal variability, Right.



Figures 5 & 6. Tropospheric Wave-One (Thompson et al., 2003b) appears in column ozone, from surface to tropopause, Left, and in O₃ mixing ratio cross-section, Right.

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